# **Ideas for Writing Conclusions**

## The Simple Summary

- The writer restates the main points of the essay.
- This strategy is effective for long essays dealing in unfamiliar concepts.
- This method can seem dull in short essays.

### The Pan-to-a-Larger-Landscape Approach

- The writer demonstrates how the topic has broad significance.
- This strategy reveals the importance of the issue discussed.
- Analogy might be a useful tool in this kind of conclusion.
- ♦ The topic at hand might be tied to a larger philosophic question, political issue, or view of the human condition.
- The writer must be careful to make the connection to the original thesis clear.

#### The Proposal Conclusion

- The writer asks readers to do something with a call to action.
- This strategy is often used in analyses and arguments.
- A similar approach is the "call for further study" approach.

#### The Scenic or Anecdotal Conclusion

- The writer uses a scene or brief story to subtly demonstrate the topic's significance.
- This approach establishes an emotional connection with the reader.
- The technique can be as effective in argument as in expressive or open form writing.

#### The Hook and Return (Framing the Essay)

- The writer returns to the essay's lead or *hook* device.
- If a scene or example grabs the reader's attention in the beginning, the writer takes the scenario a step further in the conclusion.
- This technique unifies the essay--it can seem very polished.

#### The Delayed Thesis Conclusion

- The writer takes an exploratory approach, opening with a question or problem.
- The essay deals with a variety of proposals and solutions.
- In the conclusion, the writer states the thesis as a discovery.
- This approach can be effective for controversial issues because all sides can be examined.
- Check with your professor to make sure that this type of conclusion is appropriate for your assignment.